Corporation obtaining approval, the name of its representative, and the address of its main office

Name: IMSUT Hospital Applicant: Kozo Imai, Director Address: 4-6-1 Shirokanedai, Minato-ku, Tokyo

Approved Type 1 Use Regulation

| New of the Transfer Destingtion of distance being the set being the set of th | 1 |
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| Name of the Type of Replication-conditional, recombinant numan nerpes simplex virus type | ; 1 |
| Living Modified that expresses the <i>E.coli lacZ</i> gene, and has inactivation of the $\gamma34.5$, <i>IC</i> | P6 |
| Organism and $\alpha 47$ genes (G47 Δ). | |
| Content of the Type Used in clinical facilities for human therapy, including storage | ge, |
| 1 Use of Living transportation, disposal and acts incidental to them. | |
| Modified Organism | |
| Method of the Type Address of the clinical facility: 4-6-1 Shirokanedai, Minato -ku, Tokyo | |
| 1 Use of Living Name of the clinical facility: IMSUT Hospital | |
| Modified Organism (1) The G47 \wedge solution should be sealed in containers, transported to t | he |
| clinical facility in a frozen state and stored in a freezer in a laborate | orv |
| at the facility | , 1) |
| (2) Theying dilution and dispensing of the frequence C47A solution show | 14 |
| (2) That wing, unution and dispensing of the nozen $04/\Delta$ solution show he nerformed in a sofety sphere in a D2 level laboratory. The dilut | JIG |
| be performed in a safety cabinet in a P2 level laboratory. The dilut | .ed |
| $G4/\Delta$ should be stored in a refrigerator or a freezer in a P2 lev | vel |
| laboratory. When the diluted $G47\Delta$ or its frozen form is transport | ted |
| to another area through an open area, it should be kept inside | a |
| double-sealed container. | |
| (3) When disposing of the G47 Δ solution (including its dilution), it shows | ıld |
| be virally inactivated (by autoclaving or using disinfectant such | as |
| 70% isopropanol. 70~90% ethanol. 0.2% sodium hypochlorite. 10 |)% |
| povidone jodine 0.1~0.5% chlorhexidine gluconate and 0.05~0.2 | 2% |
| benzalkonium chloride: hereinafter the same shall apply) followed | hv |
| disposal according to the medical waste management protocol defin | od |
| by the University of Tolyto Heapital (herainaftar referred to as "t | bo |
| by the University of Tokyo Hospital (hereinatter referred to as the | пe |
| medical waste management protocol). | |
| (4) The diluted $G4/\Delta$ should be loaded to a designated syringe in a safe | ety |
| cabinet in a P2 level laboratory. The syringe should be doubly sealed | ed, |
| and transported to an operating room with appropriate containme | ent |
| measures (hereinafter referred to as "operating room"). | |
| (5) The administration of $G47\Delta$ to a subject should be performed in | an |
| operating room by injecting the buffer containing $G47\Delta$ (hereinaft | ter |
| referred to as "the G47 Δ dilution") into the tumor by stereotac | tic |
| operation. The cannula is inserted through a hole with a diameter | of |
| approximately 12 mm in the skull of the subject, and the G47A dilution G_{47A} | on |
| is slowly and manually injected. After finishing the injection t | he |
| is showing and manually injected. There initiating the injection, t | |

removed. Removal of the cannula from the surface of the brain should be performed with particular care to prevent spilling or aerosolization of the G47 Δ dilution. After injection of the total planned volume of the G47 Δ dilution and the final removal of the cannula, the operation wound should be closed immediately. Additionally, double fabric sheets should be placed around the head during operation.

- (6) After completion of the administration of $G47\Delta$ to the subject, the wound should be disinfected, covered with gauze, and the head of the subject covered with a cap. The subject, wearing a mask for precaution against viral leakage, should be transferred from the operating room to a single room with appropriate containment measures and without a positive air pressure (hereinafter referred to as "single room").
- (7) Devices such as syringes and materials such as fabric sheets and gauze used in above mentioned (5) and (6) should be virally inactivated and disposed of according to the medical waste management protocol. If the viral inactivation is to be carried out in another area, the objects should be transported in a double-sealed container. The floor of the operating room should be cleaned by mopping using disinfectant. Note that the air in the operating room is refreshed every five minutes (twelve times an hour) by ventilation.
- (8) The subject should be cared in a single room until 72 hours after the $G47\Delta$ administration. When the subject leaves the operating room or the single room temporarily and enters an open area for examinations, etc., he/she should avoid blood sampling, urination, and evacuation if possible, and must wear a mask to prevent viral leakage.
- (9) The excreta of the subject during the single room care should be virally inactivated and then disposed of in accordance with the medical waste management protocol. The blood, urine and saliva sampled from the subject for research purposes should be disposed of in accordance with the handling of the G47 Δ solution.
- (10) During the single room care, devices that have been used invasively on the subject and those that have been in contact with the subject's excreta, etc., should be virally inactivated and then disposed of in accordance with the medical waste management protocol, or washed sufficiently. If the viral inactivation is to be carried out in another area, the objects should be transported in a double-sealed container.
- (11) Before releasing the subject from the single room care, it is necessary to confirm that $G47\Delta$ is not detected from the blood, saliva or urine of the subject. If $G47\Delta$ is detected, the subject should be continually cared in a single room until $G47\Delta$ is no longer detected.
- (12) If G47∆ is detected from the blood, saliva or urine of the subject after the subject is released from the single room care, the subject should be transferred back to a single room immediately, and the measures described above from (8) to (10) should be taken.
- (13) When the subject's medical condition deteriorates after $G47\Delta$ administration and the subject requires an open brain surgery for the

| from (5) to (12) should be taken. | | purpose other than $G47\Delta$ administration during the period $G47\Delta$ is presumed to persist in the brain lesion, the measures described above from (5) to (12) should be taken. |
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